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BUILDING ACTIVITY, AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY JUNE QUARTER 1996

Changes in this issue

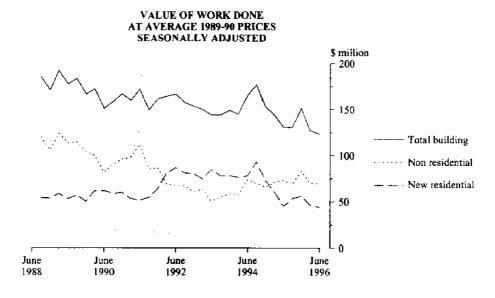
The number of 'Conversions, etc.' are now included separately and/or as part of total dwelling units in the tables rather than as a footnote — see paragraphs 10 and 11 of the Explanatory Notes. In addition, tables 8 and 9 have been deleted and others have been redesigned and reordered.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Value of building work done at average 1989-90 prices, seasonally adjusted

	% chang	ge on
Alterations and additions to residential buildings Non-residential building	Mar. quarter 1996	June quarter 1995
New residential building Alterations and additions	-6.0%	-3.1%
to residential buildings	-9.6%	-16.8%
Non-residential building	-0.7%	-5.6%
Total building	-2.9%	-5.8%

- In seasonally adjusted average 1989-90 prices, the value of work done on new residential building during the June quarter 1996 fell by 6.0% to \$43.8 million. This is the lowest figure since the September quarter 1987.
- Work done on non-residential building, at \$69.4 million, was virtually unchanged from the March quarter.
- The total value of all building work done fell by 2.9% to \$123.5 million. This is the lowest figure since the September quarter 1983 and compares with a peak of \$254.4 million for the June quarter 1987.



INQUIRIES

- for more information about statistics contained in this publication, the availability of related unpublished statistics and other ABS statistics and services, please contact Information Inquiries on Canberra (06) 207 0326 (fax (06) 207 0282), call at 197 London Circuit, Civic or write to Information Inquiries, ABS, PO Box 10, Belconnen ACT 2616 or any ABS State office.
- for more detailed information about these statistics, contact Rex Porter on Adelaide (08) 8237 7496 or any ABS State office.

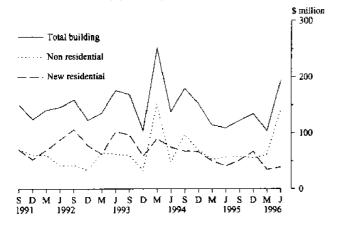
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - continued

Value of building work commenced at average 1989-90 prices

		% change on
	Mar. quarter 1996	June quarter 1995
New residential building Alterations and additions	11.7%	-5.3%
to residential buildings	98.6%	33.0%
Non-residential building	126.3%	1 44.4%
Total building	86.0%	77.1%

- In average 1989-90 prices, the value of new residential buildings commenced during the quarter rose by 11.7% to \$39.0 million, although the previous quarter was the lowest since the June quarter 1983. The value of commencements of alterations and additions to residential buildings almost doubled to \$14.1 million due to a large public sector project involving the conversion of a building(s) to dwelling units.
- For non-residential building, work commenced was up by 126.3% from the revised figure for the previous quarter to \$140.3 million. The increase was due to a large public sector office project having commenced at Symonston.
- The total value of all building work commenced during the quarter rose by 86.0% to \$193.4 million.

VALUE OF WORK COMMENCED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES

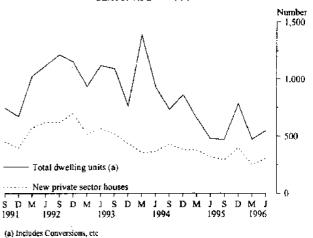


Number of dwelling units commenced, seasonally adjusted

	% change on							
	Mar. quarter 1996	June quarter 1995						
New private sector houses	20,6%	-5.0%						
Private sector dwelling units	-10.2%	-5.7%						
Total dwelling units	15.4%	14.7%						

- In seasonally adjusted terms, the total number of dwelling units commenced during the quarter rose by 15.4% to 547.
- Within the private sector, the number of new houses commenced increased by 20.6% from the low number of the previous quarter to 304.

DWELLING UNITS COMMENCED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

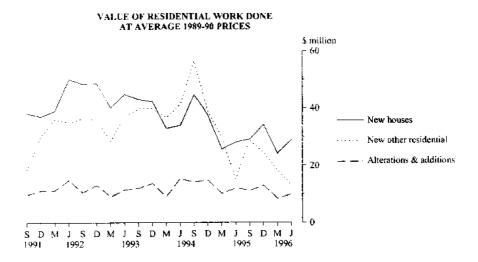


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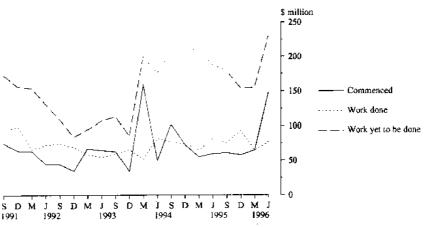
- The total value of all building work commenced during the quarter rose by 84.3% to \$213.1 million. Of the increase of \$97.5 million, \$82.6 million was in non-residential work and mostly attributable to the public sector office project at Symonston.
- The total number of dwelling units commenced increased by 151 or 36.8% to 561. Of the increase of 151, new houses numbered 125 (89 private sector and 36 public sector) and public sector conversions 70. There were 44 fewer other residential dwelling units commenced.
- The total value of building work done during the quarter rose by 9.8% to \$139.2 million, the increase being almost wholly within the non-residential sector. Work yet to be done on jobs under construction at the end of June 1996 rose by 35.8% to \$296.2 million or 2.13 times the work done during the quarter.

Revisions to March quarter 1996

These include significant net downward movements to the public sector offices category for work commenced, under construction and work yet to be done because one job had been prematurely reported as having commenced while another was recently added.







VALUE OF NON RESIDENTIAL WORK DONE

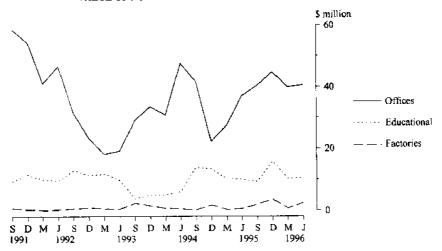


TABLE 1. VALUE OF BUILDING WORK COMMENCED, AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a) (\$ million)

Period	Nev	w residential building		Alterations and	Non-residential bu	ilding	
	Houses	Other residential building	Total	additions to — residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Tosus building
1993-94	147.2	173.5	320.7	48.4	104,8	294.2	663.3
1994-95	128.7	98.6	227.3	50.7	87.6	277.9	555.9
1995-96	110.5	82.4	192.9	44.8	120.3	316.1	553.8
1995 Mar. qtr	29.1	21.6	50.7	10.1	9.7	53.0	113.8
June qtr	28.4	12.8	41.2	10.6	28.3	57.4	109.2
Sept. qtr	28.4	23.4	51.8	11.6	36.5	58.7	122.1
Dec. qtr	34.7	32.5	67.2	12.0	26.4	55.1	134.3
1996 Мат. qir т	19.1	15.8	34.9	7.1	26.7	62.0	104.0
June qtr	28.3	10.7	39.0	14.1	30.7	140.3	193.4

⁽a) See paragraphs 24 and 25 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING WORK DONE, AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a):
ORIGINAL AND SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES
(5 million)

			(a mmmon	•			
	New re	sidential building		Alterations and additions to	Non-residential bu	ilding	
Period	O Houses	ther residential building	Total	uaamons to residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Total building
			ORIGINAI				
1993-94	152.1	157.6	309.7	50.3	92.6	244.4	604.4
1994-95	135.9	140.1	276.0	51.5	96.1	279.8	607.3
1995-96	116.3	84.5	200.8	42.7	111.0	291.3	534.8
1995 Mar. qtr	25.6	29.6	55.2	10.2	18.5	61.7	127.1
June qtr	28.1	15.3	43.4	12.1	23.6	76.4	131.9
Sept. qtr	29.1	28.7	57.8	11.2	24.3	70.9	139.9
Dec. qtr	34.2	24.4	58.6	13.0	34.8	87.5	159.1
1996 Mar. qtr r	24.1	18.3	42.4	8,5	21.9	60.8	111.7
June qtr	28.9	13.1	42.0	10.0	30.0	72.1	124.1
		SEAS	ONALLY AD	JUSTED			
1995 Mar. qtr	29.5	n.a.	60.6	12.5	n.a.	71.0	144.6
June otr	27.0	n.a.	45.2	11.3	n.a.	73.5	131.1
Sept. qtr	27.8	n.â.	53.2	11.1	n.a.	68.5	131.1
Dec. qtr	32.7	n.a.	56.1	11.7	п.а.	82.9	151.5
1996 Mar. qtr r	27.8	n.a.	46.6	10.4	n.a.	69.9	127.2
June qtr	27.8	n.a.	43.8	9.4	п.а.	69.4	123.5

⁽a) See paragraphs 24 to 26 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 3. VALUE OF BUILDING WORK DONE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES (\$ million)

	New residential buildin	g	Alterations and	" '	
Period	Houses	Total	additions to residential buildings	Non-residential building	Total building
1995 Mar. qtr	39.8	72.6	16.9	75.7	165.7
June qtr	36.4	56.5	15.2	78.4	151.0
Sept. qtr	36.3	63.2	14.5	73,0	148.9
Dec. qtr	42.9	67.9	15.3	88.3	172.4
1996 Mar. gtr r	35.9	55.8	13.6	74.8	144.4
June qtr	34.2	51.8	11.5	74.3	138.5

TABLE 4. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS COMMENCED AND COMPLETED: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

		New hou	uses		Total dwelling units (includes conversions etc)						
	Private sector		Total		Privat sector		Total				
Period	Commenced	Completed	Commenced	Completed	Commenced	Completed	Commenced	Completed			
1995 Mar. qtr	379	328	367	343	629	828	656	853			
June qtr	320	301	325	319	441	576	477	652			
Sept. qtr	293	360	296	363	447	513	473	532			
Dec. qtr	401	347	410	349	785	600	787	646			
1996 Mar. qtr r	252	373	243	375	463	554	474	568			
June qtr	304	259	343	258	416	600	547	617			

TABLE 5. NUMBER AND VALUE OF BUILDING COMMENCED, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL

		Number of dw	elling units					Value (Sm)			
Period	New houses	New other residential building	Con- versions etc.	Total dwelling units	New houses	New other residential building	New residential building	Alterations and additions to residential buildings	Total residential building	Total non-resi- dential building	Total building
				PRI	VATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	1,703	2.326	, 8	4,047	195.5	177.9	373.4	65.3	438.7	109.7	548.4
1994-95	1,522	1,072	5	2,599	170.9	94.6	265.5	65.0	330.5	91.9	422.4
1995-96	1,250	839		2,089	138.7	82.2	220.9	48.0	268.9	126.7	395.6
1995 Mar. qtr	328	217	_	545	38.6	20.9	59.5	13.2	72.7	10.2	82.8
June qtr	322	125	4	451	37,3	10.8	48.1	13.6	61.7	29.7	91.4
Sept. qtr	345	174	_	519	36.9	22.3	59.2	15.0	74.1	38.4	112.5
Dec. qtr	383	360	_	743	44.3	34.5	78.8	15.3	94.2	27.8	122.0
1996 Mar. qtr r	217	184		401	24.5	15.9	40.4	8.9	49.3	28.1	77.4
June qtr	306	121	_	427	33.0	9.5	42.6	8.7	51.3	32.4	83.6
		·		PU	BLIC SEC	TOR					
1993-94	61	57	_	118	4.6	4.7	9.3		9.3	198.4	207.8
1994-95	11	122		133	1.1	9.7	10.8	2.2	13.0	199.5	212.5
1995-96	39	67	70	176	3.7	5.2	- 8.9	9.3	18.2	206.3	224.5
1995 Mar. qtr	1	22	_	23	0.1	1.9	2.0	0.1	2.1	45.4	47.5
June qtt	1	36	_	37	0.2	2.8	3.0	0.3	3.3	30.5	33.8
Sept. qtr	ì	30		31	0.2	2.5	2.6		2.6	23.3	25.9
Dec. qtr	2	_		2	0.7		0.7	0.1	0.8	30.2	31.0
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	9	_	9	_	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.9	37.2	38.1
June qtr	36	28	70	134	2.9	1.9	4.7	9.1	13.8	115.6	129.4
					TOTAL						
1993-94	1,764	2,383	18	4,165	200.1	182.6	382.7	65.3	448.0	308.1	756.2
1994-95	1,533	1,194	5	2,732	172.0	104.3	276.3	67.3	343.5	291.4	634.9
1995-96	1.289	906	70	2,265	142.4	87.4	229.9	57.3	287.1	333.0	620.1
1995 Mar. qtr	329	239		568	38.7	22.8	61.5	13.3	74.8	55.5	130.3
hine qir	323	161	4	488	37.5	13.6	51.1	13.9	65.0	60.2	125.2
Sept. qtr	346	204		550	37.1	24.7	61.8	15.0	76.8	61.7	138.4
Dec. qtr	385	360	_	745	45.0	34.5	79.5	15.4	95.0	58.1	153.0
1996 Mar. qtr r	217	193		410	24.5	16.7	41.2	9.0	50.3	65.3	115.6
June qtr	342	149	70	561	35.9	11.4	47.3	17.9	65.1	147.9	213.1

TABLE 6. VALUE OF NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING COMMENCED, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL (\$ million)

					(≯ ш⊓πo	B)					
Period	Hotels etc.	Shops	Factories	Offices	Other husiness premises	Educational	Religious	Health	Entertain- ment and recreational	Miscel- laneous	Total non-resi- dential building
				PR	IVATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	0,3	14.2	4.7	45.3	3.6	5.5	2.6	8.1	19.6	5.9	109.7
1994-95	4.6	14.5	2.8	29.3	12.1	2.3	0.7	8,0	23.9	0.8	91.9
1995-96		9.7	10.0	81.5	4.2	3.3	_	5.1	7.4	5.5	126.7
1995 Mar. qtr	0.9	2.0	0.4	3.0	1.5	0.8		0.6	1.1		10.2
June qtr	0.1	3.5	0.7	5.1	0.9	0.4			18.7	0.3	29.7
Sept. qtr		1.3	4.9	24.9	0.9	1.2	_	1.4	3 .1	0.8	38.4
Dec. qtr		3.9	1.0	15.4	2.0	1.5	_	3.2	0.7	0.1	27.8
1996 Мат. qtr г		1.9	0.3	22.7	0.3	0.6	_	0.2	2.0	_	28.1
June qtr	_	2.5	3.7	18.6	1.0			0.3	1.6	4.7	32.4
				Pt	JBLIC SE	CTOR					
1993-94	_	0.3		121.8	8.9	28.7	_	19.7	4,8	14.2	198.4
1994-95	470	1.2	_	108.1	8.8	31.7	_	7.3	4,7	37.7	199.5
1995-96	_	0.9	_	126.7	7.5	58.5	_	4.2	5.1	3.4	206.3
1995 Mar. qtr	_	_	_	22.1	6,0	10.7		-	0.7	5.8	45.4
June qtr	_	0.5	_	14.0	0.8	5.8		5.0	1.2	3.2	30.5
Sept. qtr			-	6.2	1.6	7.8	_	1.4	5.0	1.2	23.3
Dec. qtr	_	0.1	_	14.0	_	14.8			0.1	1.2	30.2
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	0.7	_	25.2	0.1	10.8		0.2	_	0.2	37.2
June qtr		0.2		81.3	5.8	25.1		2.5		0.7	115.6
					TOTAL	·	· • ···				
1993-94	0.3	14.5	4.7	167.2	12.5	34.2	2.6	27.8	24.4	20.1	308.1
1994-95	4.6	15.7	2.8	137.4	20.9	33.9	0.7	8.1	28.6	38.5	291.4
1995-96	_	10.6	10.0	208.2	11.7	61.8	_	9.3	12.6	8.9	333.0
1995 Mar. qtr	0.9	2.0	0.4	25.1	7.5	11.5		0.6	1.9	5.8	55.5
June qu	0.1	4.0	0.7	19.1	1.7	6.2	_	5.0	19.9	3.5	60.2
Sept. qtr	_	1.3	4.9	31.1	2.5	9,0		2.8	8.1	2.0	61.7
Dec. qtr	_	4.0	1.0	29.4	2.0	16.3		3.2	0.9	1.3	58.1
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	2.6	0,3	47.9	0.5	11.4	_	0.4	2.0	0.2	65.3
June qtr	_	2.7	3.7	99.8	6.7	25.1		2.8	1.6	5.4	147.9

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TABLE 7. NUMBER AND VALUE OF BUILDING UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT END OF PERIOD, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL

		Number of dw	elling units					Value (Sm)			
	New houses	New other residential building	Con- versions etc.	Total dwelling units	New houses	New other residential building	New residential huilding	Alterations and additions to residential buildings	Total residential building	Total non-resi- dential building	Tota building
				PRI	VATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	600	1,785	5	2.390	85.6	149.6	235.1	26.2	261.4	77.3	338.
1994-95	509	559	6	1,074	69.8	50.9	120.7	23.2	143.9	43.5	187.
1995-96	420	473	2	895	56.7	45.3	102.0	14.1	116,1	106.4	222.
1995 Mar. qtr	4R4	634	2	1,120	70.4	58.2	128.6	26.2	154.9	48.8	203.
June qtr	509	559	6	1,074	69.8	50.9	120.7	23.2	143.9	43.5	187.
Sept. qtr	486	531	3	1,020	66.2	53.7	119.9	22.4	142.3	71.2	213.5
Dec. qtr	440	595	3	1,038	60.0	63.3	123.3	20.6	143.9	75.8	219.1
1996 Mar. qtr r	370	6 12	2	984	51.4	63.4	114.8	16.2	131.1	87.8	218.5
June qtr	420	473	2	895	56.7	45.3	102.0	14.1	116.1	106.4	222.4
				₽U	BLIC SEC	TOR					
1993-94	47	36		83	3.5	2.9	6.4		6.4	299.5	305.9
1994-95	3	68		71	0.4	5.4	5.8	2,0	7.9	273.5	281.4
1995-96	37	37	70	144	3.4	2.7	6.1	8.7	14.8	380.3	395.2
1995 Mar. qtr	21	78	_	99	1.7	6.3	8.0	1.9	9.9	254.8	264.6
June qtr	3	68	_	71	0.4	5.4	5.8	2.0	7.9	273.5	281.4
Sept. qtr	3	78	_	81	0.5	6.4	6.9	1.8	8.7	274.9	283.€
Dec. qtr	4	23		27	1.1	2.0	3.0	1.7	4.8	280.7	285.5
1996 Mar. qtr r	2	22	_	24	0.7	1.9	2.6	0.1	2.7	286.5	289.2
June qtr	37	37	70	144	3.4	2.7	6.1	8.7	14.8	380.3	395.7
**************************************					TOTAL						
1993-94	647	1,821	5	2,473	89.1	152.5	241.6	26.2	267.8	376.8	644.5
1994-95	512	627	6	1,145	70.2	56.3	12 6 .5	25.2	151.7	317.0	468.7
1995-96	457	510	72	1,039	60.1	48.0	108.1	22.8	130.9	486.7	617.6
1995 Mar. qtr	505	712	2	1,219	72.1	64.4	136.6	28.1	164.7	303.6	468.3
June qtr	512	627	6	1,145	70.2	56.3	126.5	25.2	151.7	317.0	468.7
Sept. qtr	489	609	3	1,101	66.7	60.1	126.8	24.2	151.0	346.1	497.1
Dec. qtr	444	618	3	1,065	61.1	65.3	126.4	22.3	148.7	356.5	505.3
1996 Mar. qtr r	372	634	2	1,008	52.1	65.4	117.5	16.3	133.8	374.3	508.1
June qtr	457	510	72	1,039	60.1	48.0	108.1	22.8	130.9	486.7	617.6

TABLE 8. VALUE OF NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT END-OF PERIOD, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL (\$ million)

				(\$ mUlio	<u>r)</u>					
Hotels etc.	Shops	Factories	Offices	Other business premises	Educational	Religious	Health	Entertain- ment and recreational	Miscel- laneous	Total non-resi- dential building
			PR	IVATE SE	CTOR					
1.0	4.0	0.7	36.0	1.2		2.1	8.1	18.9	5.3	77.3
1.0	2.4	1.3	14,5	3.0	0.5	1.0		19.6	0.3	43.5
	1.0	4.5	66.7	1.2	1.2	0.4	3.3	23.7	4.3	106.4
1.7	6.2	0.4	12.6	6.5	1.7	0.8	5.8	7.8	5.3	48.8
1.0	2.4	1.3	14.5	3.0	0.5	1.0		19.6	0.3	43.5
_	3.1	6.2	33.3	3.5	1.2	1.1	1.4	20.7	0.8	71.2
	3.8	6.5	38.3	0.8	2.7	0.4	4.2	18.5	0.7	75.8
_	3.6	1.9	53.7	0.7	2.9	0.4	4.4	20.3		87.8
	1.0	4.5	66.7	1.2	1.2	0.4	3.3	23.7	4.3	106.4
			PU	BLIC SEC	TOR					
_		_	182.6	5.6	34.3	_	68.5	0.1	8.4	299.5
	_	_	171.1	6.8	34.9	_	24.0	1.9	34.8	273.5
_	0.2		249.5	5.7	64.9	_	24.8	5.4	29.9	380.3
	_	_	163.3	6.2	31.2	_	20,8	0.7	32.5	254.8
	_		171.1	6.8	34,9	_	24.0	1.9	34.8	273.5
	_	_	164.4	6.9	41.1	_	25.2	6.8	30.5	274.9
		_	170.0	6.9	42.6		24.0	6.8	30.4	280.7
	0.6	_	185.3	_	42.7	_	22.8	5.0	30.0	286.5
	0.2	_	249.5	5.7	64.9		24.8	5.4	29.9	380.3
-				TOTAL						
1.0	4,0	0.7	218.6	6.8	34,3	2.1	76.5	19.0	13.8	376.8
1.0	2.4	1.3	185.6	9.8	35.4	1.0	24.0	21.5	35.1	317.0
_	1.2	4.5	316.2	6.9	66.1	0.4	28.2	29.1	34.2	486.7
1.7	6.2	0.4	175.9	12.7	32.9	0.8	26.7	8.5	37.8	303.6
1.0	2.4	1.3	185.6	9.8	35.4	1.0	24.0	21.5	35.1	317.0
	3.1	6.2	197.7	10.4	42.3	1.1	26.5	27.5	31.2	346.1
_	3.8	6.5	208.2	7.7	45.3	0,4	28.2	25.3	31.1	356.5
	4.2	1.9	239.0	0.7	45.6	0.4	27.2	25.3	30.0	374.3
	1.2	4.5	316.2	6.9	66.1	0.4	28.2	29.1	34.2	486.7
	1.0 1.0 1.7 1.0	1.0 4.0 1.0 2.4 1.0 2.4 1.0 2.4 1.0 2.4 1.0 3.1 1.0 3.8 1.0 3.6 1.0 1.0 1.0 4.0 1.0 2.4 1.1 1.0 4.0 1.0 2.4 1.1 1.0 4.0 1.0 2.4 1.1 1.7 6.2 1.0 2.4 1.1 1.7 6.2 1.0 2.4 1.2 1.7 6.2 1.0 2.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.0	PR 1.0	Hotels Shops Factories Offices Drivatess	Note Shops Factories Offices Premises Educational	Note s Shops Factories Offices Dusiness premises Educational Religious	Hotels Shops Factories Offices Description Des	Holeis Shops Factories Offices business Educational Religious Health recreational	Hotels Process Proce

TABLE 9. NUMBER AND VALUE OF BUILDING COMPLETED, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL

		Number of dwe	elling units					Value (\$m)			
Períod	New houses	New other residential building	Con- versions etc.	Total dwelling units	New houses	New other residential building	New residential huilding	Alterations and additions to residential buildings	Total residential building	Total non-sesi- dential building	Total building
				PRI	VATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	1,826	1,607	35	3,468	207.0	131.8	338.7	63.9	402.7	82.0	484.7
1994-95	1,611	2,298	4	3,913	187.7	190.5	378.2	68.7	447.0	126.5	573.5
1995-96	1,334	925	4	2,263	150.2	91.1	241.3	57.9	299.2	76.3	375.5
1995 Mar. qtr	253	423	ı	677	31.1	31.8	62.9	14,3	77.2	19.1	96.2
June qtr	296	200		496	38.0	17.7	55.7	16.5	72.2	36.1	108.4
Sept. qtr	364	202	3	569	39.6	19.8	59.4	15.5	74,9	11.2	86.1
Dec. qtr	428	296	_	724	50.2	27.6	77.8	17.7	95.4	31.6	127.0
1996 Mar. qtr r	286	167	1	454	32.5	15.7	48.2	13,4	61.7	17.5	79.1
June qtr	256	260		516	27.9	27.9	55.9	11.3	67.2	16.0	83.3
				PU	BLIC SEC	TOR					
1993-94	14	114	2	130	1.0	9.5	10.6	3.1	13.7	86.0	99.7
1994-95	52	90	_	142	4.2	7.2	11.4	0.3	11.6	241.7	253.4
1995- 9 6	5	98	_	103	0.7	8.6	. 9.3	2.6	11.9	106.3	118.2
1995 Mar. qtr	13	8	_	21	0.9	0.7	1.7	_	1.7	33.3	34.9
June qtr	19	46	_	65	l.5	3.6	5.1	0.3	5.4	12.1	17.5
Sept. qtr	1	20	_	21	0.1	1.6	1.7	0.2	1.9	25.8	27.7
Dec. qtr	1	55	_	56	0.1	5.0	5.1	0.2	5.3	26.7	31.9
1996 Mar. qtr т	2	10	_	12	0.3	0.9	1.3	1.7	3.0	30.9	33.5
June qtr	I	13		14	0.2	1.1	1.3	0.5	1.7	22.9	24.7
					TOTAL						•
1993-94	1,840	1,721	37	3,598	208.0	141.3	349.3	67.1	416.4	168.0	584.4
1994-95	1,663	2,388	4	4,055	191.9	197.7	389.6	69.0	458.6	368.2	826.8
1995-96	1,339	1,023	4	2,366	151.0	99.7	250.6	60.5	311.1	182.6	493.7
1995 Mar. qtr	266	431	1	698	32.1	32.5	64.5	14.3	78.8	52.3	131.2
June q'r	315	246		561	39.5	21.3	60.8	16.8	77.6	48.2	125.9
Sept. qtr	365	222	3	590	39,7	21.4	6 1.1	15.7	76.8	37.0	113.8
Dec. qtr	429	351		780	50.3	32.6	82.9	17.8	100.7	58.3	159.0
1996 Mar. qtr T	288	177	i	466	32.9	16.6	49.5	15.2	64.7	48.3	113.0
June qtr	257	273		530	28.1	29.0	57.1	11.8	69.0	39.0	108.0

TABLE 10. VALUE OF NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING COMPLETED, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL (\$ million)

					(2 mmao	9)					
Period	Hotels etc.	Shops	Factories	Offices	Other husiness premises		Religious	Health	Entertain- ment and recreational	Miscel- laneous	Total non-resi- dential building
				PR	IVATE SE	CTOR		<u> </u>			
1993-94	0.3	12.8	6.5	20.9	10.5	7.8	2.2	_	18.1	2.9	82.0
1994-95	4.7	18.1	2.5	49.6	9.7	1.8	1.9	9.4	23.0	5.9	126.5
1995-96	1.0	11.1	7.1	30.5	6.5	2.8	0.7	1.8	13.1	1.6	76.3
1995 Mar. qtr	2.7	4.1	_	8.1	2.2		0.6	1.0	1.2	_	19.1
June qtr	0.8	7.5	0.1	3.2	4.4	1.6	_	6.2		5.3	36.1
Sept. qtr	1.0	0.6		6.1	0.6	0.5	_		2.1	0.3	11.2
Dec. qtr	_	3.2	0.8	11.0	5.1	_	0.7	0.4	10.2	0.2	31.6
1996 Mar. qtr⊤		2.2	5.3	7.5	0.4	0.7	_	_	0.6	0.7	17.5
June qtr	•	5.0	1.1	5.8	0.5	1.7		1.4	0.2	0.3	16.0
				PU	JBLIC SE	CTOR					
1993-94	2.4	0.4		30,3	10.1	18.8	_	9.5	7.5	9.4	86.0
1994-95	_	1.2	_	134.9	7,9	31.7		51.5	2.9	11.5	241.7
1995-96		0.8	130	49.6	9.5	31.8		2.2	2.0	10.5	106.3
1995 Mar. qtr	_		_	14.2	5.2	7.9	_	2.9	2.8	0.3	33.3
June atr	- 41	0.5	_	7.1	0.2	1.2	_	1.9	_	1.3	12.1
Sept. qtr		_		13.4	2.4	2.2	_	0.3		7.5	25.8
Dec. qtr	_	0.1		8.5		15.3	_	1.3	0,1	1.3	26.7
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	0.1	-	10.4	7.0	11.1		_	1.7	0.6	30.9
June qu	_	0.6	_	17.4	0.1	3.1		0.6		1.2	22.9
					TOTA	-					
1993-94	0,3	13.2	6.5	51.2	20.6	26.6	2.2	9.5	25.7	12.2	168.0
1994-95	4.7	19.3	2.5	184.6	17.6		1.9	60.8		17.4	368.2
1995-96	1.0	11.9	7.1	80.1	16.1	34.6	0.7	3.9		12.2	182.6
1995 Mar. qtr	2.7	4.1		22.3	7.3	8.0	0,6	3.0	4.0	0.3	52.3
June qtr	0.8	8.0	0.1	10.3	4.6	2.8		8.1		6.6	48.2
Sept. qtr	1.0	0.6	_	19.5	3.0	2.7	_	0.3		7.8	37.0
Dec. qtr	_	3.3	0.8	19.5	5.1	15.3	0.7	1.7	10.3	1.5	58.3
1996 Mar. qtr r		2.3	5.3	17.9	7.4	11.8	_	_	2.3	1.3	48.3
June qtr		5.7	1.1	23.2	0.6	4.8		2.0	0.2	1.5	39.0

TABLE 11. VALUE OF BUILDING WORK DONE, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL.
(\$ million)

			(\$ million	<u>n)</u>			
		New		Alterations and additions		Total	
Period	New houses	other residential huilding	New residential building	to residential buildings	Total residential building	non-resi- dential building	Total building
			PRIVATE SE	CTOR			
1993-94	203.0	160.6	363.6	67.4	431.0	98.5	529.5
1994-95	180.6	142.5	323.2	68. l	391.2	102.4	493.6
1995-96	147.6	82.7	230.2	52.1	282.3	118.4	400.7
1995 Mar. qtr	33,7	29.6	63.2	13.5	76.7	19.7	96.5
June qtr	37.7	15.1	52.8	15.8	68.5	25.2	93.7
Sept. qtr	37.7	26.5	64.2	14.0	78.2	25.9	104.1
Dec. qtr	44.7	24.0	68.6	16.8	85.4	37.1	122.4
1996 Mar. qtr r	30.8	19.0	49.9	10.6	60.5	23.4	83.9
June qir	34.3	13.2	47.5	10.7	58.2	32.1	90.3
			PUBLIC SEC	CTOR			
1993-94	2.8	7.0	9.8	0.3	10 .1	161.6	[7].7
1994-95	2.6	7.0	9,6	1.2	10.9	195.9	206.8
1995-96	2.0	7.8	9.8	2.9	12.6	192.6	205.2
1995 Mar. qur	0.8	2.0	2.9	0.3	3.1	46.0	49.2
June qtr	0.2	1.3	1.5	0.5	2.0	56.3	58.3
Sept. qtr	0.3	4.2	4.5	0.6	5.1	49.7	54.8
Dec. qtr	0.2	2.1	2.3	0.2	2.4	56.2	58.6
1996 Mar. qtr r	0.3	0.6	0.9	0,4	1.3	41.6	42.9
June qtr	1.3	0.9	2.2	1.6	3.8	45.1	48.9
			TOTAL				
1993-94	205.8	167.5	373.4	67.7	441.1	260.1	701.2
1994-95	183.2	149.5	332.8	69.3	402.1	298.3	700.4
1995-96	149.6	90.4	240.0	54.9	294.9	311.0	605.9
1995 Mar. qtr	34.5	31.6	66.1	13.8	79.9	65.8	145.7
June qtr	37.9	16.4	54.3	16.2	70.5	81.5	152.0
Sept. 4tr	38.0	30.7	68.7	14.6	83.3	75.6	158.9
Dec. qtr	44.8	26,0	70.9	16.9	87.8	93.2	181.0
1996 Mar. qtr r	31.1	19.6	50.7	11.1	61.8	65.0	126.8
June qtr	35.6	14.1	49.7	12.3	62.0	77.2	139.2

TABLE 12. VALUE OF NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING WORK DONE, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL (\$ million)

					(2 mmno	 ,					77. 4
Period	Hotels etc.	Shops	Factories	Offices	Other business premises	Educational	Religious	Health	Entertain- ment and recreational	Miscel- laneous	Tota non-resi dentia building
				PR	IVATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	0.6	13.7	5.1	39.2	6.2	5.6	1.6	3.6	20.7	2.2	98.5
1994-95	5.0	17.0	2.9	34.8	11.7	2.1	2.2	5.7	16.1	5.0	102.4
1995-96	0.1	11.5	8,8	59.5	4.5	3.1	0.3	4.0	23.3	3.2	118.4
1995 Mar. qtr	1.8	3.7	0.3	6.1	3.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	1.3	0.7	19.7
June otr	0.7	3.2	0.6	6.4	1.8	0.8	0.1	0.4	11.0	0.2	25.2
Sept. qtr	0.1	2.2	2.0	12.1	1.1	0.3	0.1	0.6	7.0	0.3	25.9
Dec. qtr	_	3.5	3.6	12.6	2.6	1.5	0.1	1.2	11.5	0.5	37.1
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	2.9	0.7	15.5	0.6	0.9		1.2	1.3	0.3	23.4
June qtr	_	2.9	2.5	19.3	0.3	0.4	_	1.0	3.5	2.1	32.1
		·	·	P(JBLIC SEC	CTOR					
1993-94	_	0,3	_	101.8	9.2	14.7		14.2	5.5	15.8	161.6
1994-95	_	1.2	_	93.6	10.3	45.5	_	17.7	3.1	24.5	195.9
1 99 5-96		0.9		106.2	6.9	42.8		10.2	7.1	18.4	192.6
1995 Mar. qtr	_	_	_	21.4	1.5	9.2	_	3.7	2.3	8.0	46.0
June qtr		0.5	_	30.7	2.9	9.3	_	3.6	0.2	9.1	56.3
Sept. qtr	_		_	28.3	4.7	9.0	_	2.8	1.0	3.9	49.7
Dec. qtr	-	0.1	-	32.1	0.9	14.3	-	1.8	2.5	4.5	56.2
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	0.5		24.5	0.5	9.4	_	1.8	2.2	2.7	41.6
June qu		0.3	_	21.3	0.8	10.1	<u> </u>	3.9	1.5	7.2	45.1
					TOTAL	,					
1993-94	0.6	14.0	5.1	141.0	15.4	20.3	1.6	17.9	26.2	18.0	260.1
1994-95	5.0	18.2	2.9	128.5	21.9	47.6	2.2	23.4	19.2	29.5	298.3
1995-96	0.1	12.4	8.8	165.8	11.4	46.0	0.3	14.2	30.4	21.7	311.0
1995 Mar. qtr	1.8	3.7	0.3	27.4	5.3	10.2	0.2	4.4	3.6	8.7	65.8
June qtr	0.7	3.7	0.6	37.1	4.7	10.1	0.1	4.0	11.2	9.3	81.5
Sept. qtr	0.1	2.2	2.0	40,4	5.8	9.3	0.1	3.4	7.9	4.3	75.6
Dec. qtr	_	3.6	3.6	44.7	3.5	15.8	0.1	2.9	13.9	5.1	93.2
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	3.5	0.7	40.0	1.0	10.3	_	3.0	3.5	3.1	65.0
June qtr	_	3.2	2.5	40.6	1.1	10.5	_	4.9	5.1	9.3	77.2

TABLE 13. VALUE OF BUILDING WORK YET TO BE DONE AT END OF PERIOD, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL (\$ million)

			(\$ millio	n)			
	New houses	New other residential building	New residential building	Alterations and additions to residential buildings	Total restdential bailding	Total non-resi- dential building	Tota building
		-	PRIVATE SE	CTOR			
1993-94	40.9	75.5	116.4	9.2	125.6	30.9	156.0
1994-95	32.5	24.9	57.4	7.6	65,0	21.3	86.3
1995-96	23.1	27.6	50.8	4.8	55.5	42.0	97.4
1995 Mar. qtr	32.6	29.6	62.2	9.9	72,1	15.6	87.5
June our	32.5	24.9	57.4	7,6	65.0	21.3	86.3
Sept. qtr	31.7	21.0	52.8	8.6	61.3	34.2	95.6
Dec. qtr	31.1	34.2	65.3	7.7	73.0	33.4	106.4
1996 Mar. qtr r	24.2	31.0	55.3	6.2	61.5	39.5	101.0
June qtr	23.1	27.6	50.8	4.8	55.5	42.0	97.6
			PUBLIC SEC	TOR			
1993-94	1.7	0.8	2.6	_	2.6	145.4	148.0
1994-95	0.2	3.6	3.8	1.0	4.8	167.0	171.8
1995-96	1.9	1.7	3.6	7.5	11.1	187.6	198.7
1995 Mar. qtr	0.2	2.1	2.3	1,1	3.4	192.5	195.9
June qtr	0.2	3.6	3.8	1,0	4.8	167.0	171.8
Sept. qtr	0.1	2.0	2.0	0.5	2.5	144,6	147.1
Dec. otr	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.4	1.4	120.8	122.3
1996 Mar. qtr r	0.3	0.7	1.0	_	1.0	116.0	117.0
June qtr	1.9	1.7	3.6	7.5	11.1	187.6	198.7
			TOTAL		·	v=·· · ·	
1993-94	42.6	76.3	119.0	9.2	128.2	176.3	304.5
1994-95	32.7	28.5	61.1	8.7	69.8	188.3	258.1
1995-96	25.0	29.4	54.4	12.2	66.6	229.6	296.2
1995 Mar. qtr	32.8	31.7	64.4	11.0	75.5	208.2	283.6
June _{St} r	32.7	28.5	61.1	8.7	69.8	188.3	258.1
Sept. qtr	31.8	23.0	54.8	9.0	63.8	178.8	242.6
Dec. qtr	31.7	34.7	66.4	8.1	74.4	154.2	228.6
1996 Mar. qtr t	24.6	31.8	56.3	6.2	62.5	155,5	218.1
June qtr	25.0	29.4	54.4	12.2	66.6	229.6	296.2

TABLE 14. VALUE OF NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING WORK YET TO BE DONE AT END OF PERIOD,
PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SECTOR: ORIGINAL
(\$ million)

					(S millio	B)					
	Hotels etc.	Shops	Factories	Offices	Other business premises	Educational	Religious	Health	Entertain- ment and recreational	Miscel- laneous	Totai non-resi- dentiai building
				PR	IVATE SE	CTOR					
1993-94	0.4	2.4	0.3	12.1	0.7		1.6	4,4	4,6	4.3	30.9
1994-95	0.1	1.9	0.5	5.5	0.5	0,1	0.3	_	12.2	0.2	21.3
1995-96		0,2	2.0	28,6	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.1	6,0	2.6	42.0
1995 Mat. qtr	0.7	1.4	0.1	6.6	1.4	0.6	0.3	_	4.4	0.1	15.6
June gtr	0.1	1.9	0.5	5.5	0.5	0.1	0.3	_	12.2	0.2	21.3
Sept. qtr	_	1.1	3.4	18.2	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.7	8.4	0.6	34.2
Dec. qtr		1.5	0.8	21.6	0.3	1.1	0.1	2.8	4.9	0.3	33.4
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	0.6	0.8	29.1	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.8	6.0	_	39.5
June qtr	_	0.2	2.0	28.6	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.1	6.0	2.6	42.0
				Pl	JBLIC SEC	CTOR					
1993-94	_	_	_	92.6	4.6	25.9		21.1	0.1	1.1	145.4
1994-95				124.1	3.5	12.8		10.5	1.7	14.5	167.0
1995-96				145.9	5.0	31.6	_	3.4	_	1.7	187.6
1995 Mar. qtr	_			140.0	5.6	17.1		9.1	0.7	20.0	192.5
June qu	_	_	_	124.1	3.5	12.8		10.5	1.7	14.5	167.0
Sept. qtr	_	_	_	102.5	1.2	12.2		9.2	5.7	13.7	144.6
Dec. qtr	_	_	_	84.5	0.3	14.7	_	7.5	3.4	10.4	120.8
1996 Mar. qtr r	_	0.1	_	85.7		16.5	_	4.6	1.1	7.9	116.0
June qtr			_	145.9	5.0	31.6	_	3.4	• • •	1.7	187.6
					TOTAL	•					
1993-94	0.4	2.4	0.3	104.7	5.3	25.9	1.6	25.6	4.7	5.4	176.3
1994-95	0.1	1.9	0.5	129.6	4.0	12.9	0.3	10.5	13.8	14.6	188.3
1995-96	_	0.3	2.0	174,5	5.7	32.3	0.1	4.5	6.0	4.3	229.6
1995 Mar. qtr	0.7	1.4	0.1	146.7	7.0	17.7	0.3	9.1	5.1	20.1	208.2
June qtr	0.1	1.9	0.5	129.6	4.0	12.9	0.3	10.5	13.8	14,6	188.3
Sept. qtr	_	1.1	3.4	120.7	1.8	13.3	0.2	9.9	14.1	14.3	178.8
Dec. qtr		1.5	0.8	106.1	0.7	15.8	0.1	10.3	8.3	10.7	154.2
1996 Mar. gtr r	_	0.8	0.8	114.8	0.1	17.5	0.1	6.5	7.1	7.9	155.5
June qtr	_	0.3	2.0	174.5	5.7	32.3	0.1	4.5	6.0	4.3	229.6

TABLE 15. BUILDING ACTIVITY RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS, JUNE QUARTER 1996 (Percentage)

		(1 creeninge)				
		New residential	building		Value	
Ownership and stage of construction	Houses Number	Value	Total Number of dwelling units	Value	Alterations and additions to residential buildings	Total building
	PE	UVATE SECTO	OR .			
Commenced	3.9	4.2	2.8	3.3	3.8	1.7
Under construction at end of period	5,3	5.0	2.5	2.8	4.6	1.3
Completed	8.3	8.1	4.1	5.3	5.5	2.8
Value of work done		4.0		2.9	3.8	1.6
Value of work yet to be done		6.6		3.0	5.7	1.6
	TOTAL PRIV	ATE AND PUB	LIC SECTORS			
Commenced	3.5	3.9	2.4	2.9	1.9	0.7
Under construction at end of period	4.9	4.7	2.3	2.6	2.8	0.5
Completed	8.3	8.1	4.0	4.0	5.2	2.2
Value of work done		3.9		2.8	3.3	1.0
Value of work yet to be done		6.1		2.8	2.2	0.5

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains detailed results from the quarterly Building Activity Survey. Users should note that data for the latest quarter is subject to revision.

- 2. The statistics are compiled on the basis of returns collected from builders and other individuals and organisations engaged in building activity. The quarterly survey consists of two components.
 - (a) A sample survey of private sector house building activity involving new house construction or alterations and additions valued at \$10,000 or more to houses.
 - (b) A complete enumeration of jobs involving construction of new residential buildings other than private sector houses, all alterations and additions to residential buildings (other than private sector houses) with an approval value of \$10,000 or more, and all non-residential building jobs with an approval value of \$50,000 or more.
- 3. Prior to the September quarter 1990, the cut-off for inclusion of non-residential building jobs (both new and alterations and additions) was \$30,000 or more and prior to the September quarter 1985 it was \$10,000 or more. Care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.
- 4. The use of sample survey techniques in the Building Activity Survey means that reliable estimates of private sector house building activity, including alterations and additions to houses, are available only at the State/Territory and Australia levels with the exception of the Northern Territory. However, dwelling unit commencement data for regions below State level are shown in the monthly series of dwelling unit commencements compiled by State offices of the ABS. Data from this series, unlike those compiled from the Building Activity Survey, are based on information reported by local and other government authorities.

Scope and coverage

- 5. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks, etc.) is excluded.
- Building jobs included in each quarter in the Building Activity Survey comprise those building jobs selected in previous quarters which have not been completed (or commenced) by the end of the previous quarter and those building jobs newly selected in the current quarter. The population list from which building jobs are selected for inclusion comprises all approved building jobs which were notified to the ABS up to but not including the last month of the reference quarter (e.g. up to the end of August in respect of the September quarter survey). This introduces a lag to the statistics in respect of those building jobs notified and commenced in the last month of the reference quarter (e.g. for the month of September in respect of the September quarter survey). For example, building jobs which were notified as approved in the month of June and which actually commenced in that month are shown as commencements in the September quarter. Similarly, building jobs which were notified in the month of September and which actually commenced in that month are shown as commencements in the December quarter.

Definitions

- 7. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 8. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long-term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals, or temporary accommodation such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential building.
- 9. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings.
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus, detached 'granny flats' and detached dwelling units (such as caretakers' residences) associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
 - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes town houses, duplexes, apartment buildings, etc.).
- 10. From the June quarter 1996 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units created as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential buildings and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Tables 5, 7, and 9 under the heading of 'Conversions, etc.', and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in these tables. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 11. In addition, the seasonally adjusted estimates for the total number of dwelling units commenced and completed, shown in Table 4, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units created as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 12. Commenced. A building job is regarded as commenced when the first physical building activity has been performed on site in the form of materials fixed in place and/or labour expended (this includes site preparation but excludes delivery of building materials, the drawing of plans and specifications and the construction of non-building infrastructures such as roads).
- 13. Under construction. A building job is regarded as being under construction at the end of a period if it has been commenced but has not been completed, and work on it has not been abandoned.
- 14. Completed. A building job is regarded as completed when building activity has progressed to the stage when the building can fulfil its intended function. In practice, the ABS regards buildings as completed when notified as such by respondents to the survey.

Valuation of building jobs

- 15. The value series in this publication are derived from estimates reported on survey returns as follows.
 - (a) Value of building commenced or under construction represents the anticipated completion value based, where practicable, on estimated market or contract price of building jobs excluding the value of land and landscaping. Site preparation costs are included. Where building jobs proceed over several quarters, the anticipated completion value reported on the return for the first (commencement) quarter may be amended on returns for subsequent (under construction) quarters as the job nears completion.
 - (b) Value of building completed represents the actual completion value based, where practicable, on the market or contract price of building jobs including site preparation costs but excluding the value of land and landscaping.
 - (c) Value of building work done during the period represents the estimated value of building work actually carried out during the quarter on building jobs which have commenced.
 - (d) Value of building work yet to be done represents the difference between the anticipated completion value and the estimated value of work done up to the end of the period on building jobs commenced but not completed.

Building classification

- 16. Ownership. The ownership of a building is classified as either public sector or private sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 17. Functional classification of buildings. A building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence, a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while factory buildings would be classified to Factories. An exception to this rule is the treatment of group accommodation buildings where, for example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.
- 18. Examples of the types of buildings included under each main functional heading are shown in the following list.
 - (a) Houses. Includes cottages, bungalows, detached caretakers'/managers' cottages, rectories.
 - (b) Other residential buildings. Includes blocks of flats, home units, attached townhouses, villa units, terrace houses, semi-detached houses, maisonettes.
 - (c) Hotels, etc. Includes motels, hostels, boarding houses, guesthouses, holiday apartment buildings.
 - (d) Shops. Includes retail shops, restaurants, cafes, taverns, dry cleaners, laundromats, hair salons, shopping arcades.

- (e) Factories. Includes paper mills, oil refinery buildings, brickworks, foundries, powerhouses, manufacturing laboratories, workshops as part of a manufacturing process.
- (f) Offices. Includes banks, post offices, council chambers, head and regional offices.
- (g) Other business premises. Includes warehouses, storage depots, service stations, transport depots and terminals, electricity substation buildings, pumping station buildings, telephone exchanges, mail sorting centres, broadcasting stations, film studios.
- (h) Educational. Includes schools, colleges, kindergartens, libraries, museums, art galleries, research and teaching laboratories, theological colleges.
- (i) Religious. Includes churches, chapels, temples.
- (j) Health. Includes hospitals, nursing homes, surgeries, clinics, medical centres.
- (k) Entertainment and recreational. Includes clubs, theatres, cinemas, public halls, gymnasiums, grandstands, squash courts, sports and recreation centres.
- (1) Miscellaneous. Includes law courts, homes for the aged (where medical care is not provided as a normal service), orphanages, gaols, barracks, mine buildings, glasshouses, livestock sheds, shearing sheds, fruit and skin drying sheds, public toilets, and ambulance, fire and police stations.

Reliability of the estimates

- Since the figures for private sector house building activity (including alterations and additions) are derived from information obtained from a sample of approved building jobs, they are subject to sampling error; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if information for all approved jobs for the relevant period had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of approved jobs was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all approved jobs had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error, which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard errors of estimates provide an indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and are shown in Table 15.
- 20. An example of the use of relative standard errors is as follows. Assume that the estimate of the number of new private sector houses commenced during the latest quarter is 2,000 (for actual estimate see Table 5) and that the associated relative standard error is 2.5 per cent (for actual percentage see Table 15). There would then be about two chances in three that the number which would have been obtained if information had been collected about all approved private sector house jobs would have been within the range 1,950 to 2,050 (2.5 per cent of 2,000 is 50) and about nineteen chances in twenty that the number would have been within the range 1,900 to 2,100.
- 21. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the relative standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of inadequacies in

the source of building approval information, imperfections in reporting by respondents, and errors made in the coding and processing of data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling error, and may occur in any enumeration whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by the careful design of questionnaires, efforts to obtain responses for all selected building jobs, and efficient operating procedures.

Seasonal adjustment

- 22. Seasonally adjusted building statistics are shown in Tables 2-4. In the seasonally adjusted series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and trading day effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in the quarter) and the effect of the movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different quarters. Further information about seasonal adjustment can be obtained from the Assistant Director of Time Series Analysis, Canberra, on (06) 252 6345.
- Since seasonally adjusted statistics reflect both irregular and trend movements, an upward or downward movement in a seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily indicate a change of trend. Particular care should therefore be taken in interpreting individual quarter to quarter movements. Each of the component series shown has been seasonally adjusted independently. As a consequence, while the unadjusted components in the original series shown add to the totals, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimal or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.

Estimates at constant prices

24. Estimates of the value of commencements and work done at average 1989–90 prices are shown in Tables 1 and 2. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.

- 25. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).
- 26. The factors used to seasonally adjust the constant price series are identical to those used to adjust the corresponding current price series.

Unpublished data and related publications

- 27. The ABS can also make available certain building approvals and activity data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout, floppy disk and clerically extracted tabulation. Inquiries should be made to Information Inquiries on Canberra (06) 207 0326 or any ABS State office.
- 28. Users may also wish to refer to the following building and construction publications which are available on request:

Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0) — issued monthly Building Approvals, New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory (8731.1) — issued monthly Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements, Preliminary (8750.0) — issued quarterly Building Activity, Australia (8752.0) — issued quarterly

29. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Release Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- n.a. not available
 - not applicable
- nil or rounded to zero
- r figure or series revised since previous issue
- 30. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

DALMA JACOBS Regional Director

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